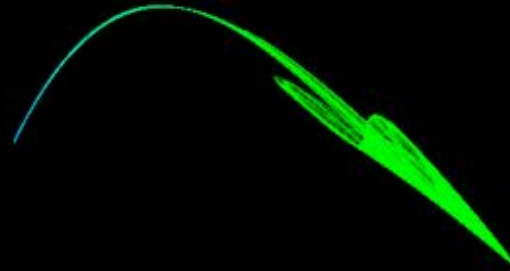


# Genetic Evolution of Aesthetically-Pleasing Fractals using Convolutional Neural Networks

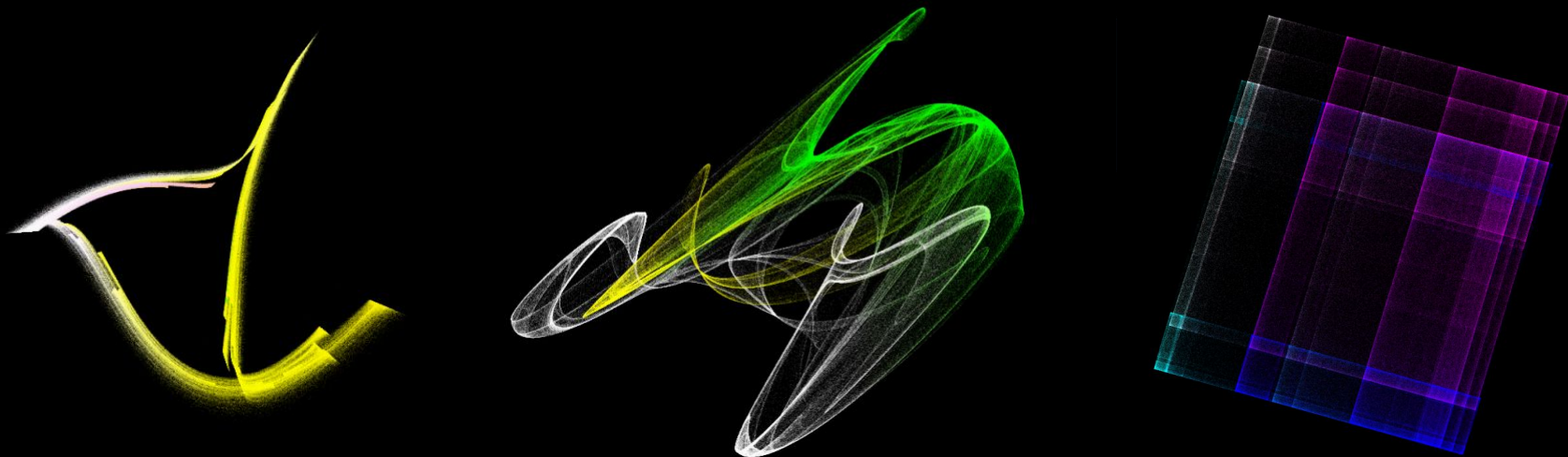
Kevin Yeh



# Motivation

Machine Learning and LfD has focused on the automation of control tasks with quantifiable evaluations —

As humans, how do we quantify the personal preference of aesthetics?

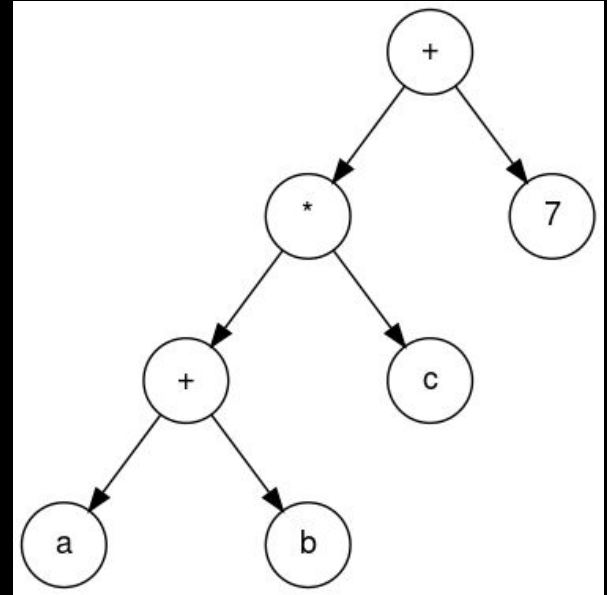


# Background: Evolution with Genetic Algorithms

Fractal Representations are defined as a set of recursive mathematical equations outlining a sequence of points in Cartesian space.

$$x_{n+1} = \sin(a * y_n) + c * \cos(a * x_n)$$

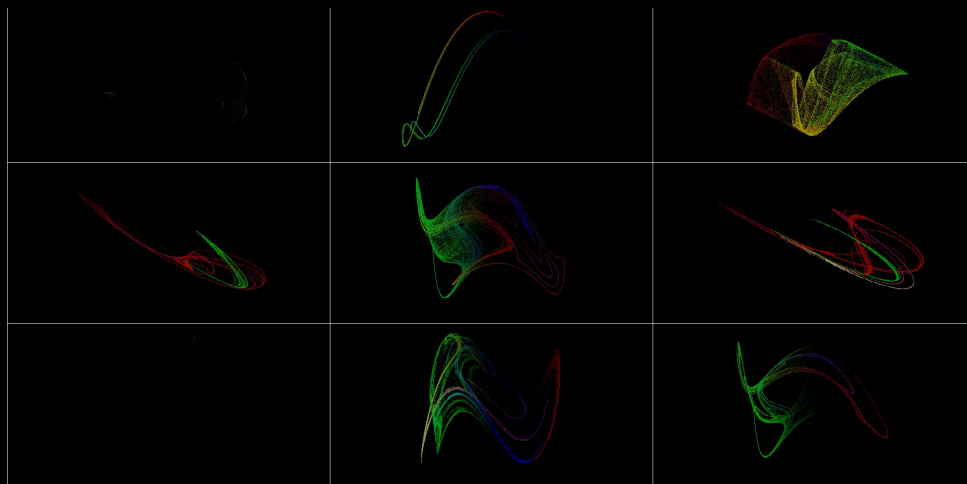
$$y_{n+1} = \sin(b * x_n) + d * \cos(b * y_n)$$



# Background: Evolution with Genetic Algorithms

Interactive, human-guided evolution:

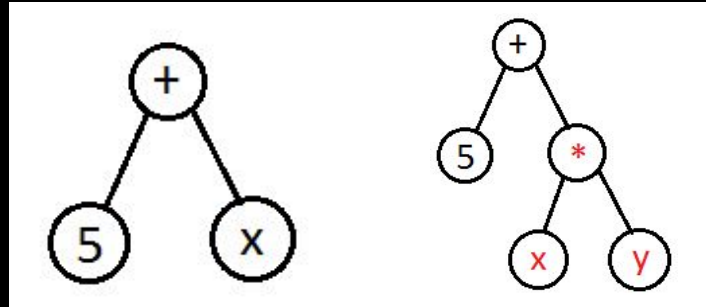
- Each generation consists of 9 fractals
- Allow the user to pick “good” fractals, then genetically combine them to form a new generation.



# Background: Evolution with Genetic Algorithms

## Genetic Operations:

- Crossover
  - Swap two subtrees from two different fractals.
- Mutation
  - Fuzz the values of the leaves of one fractal.
- Insertion
  - Replace a node with a small, randomly-generated tree.



# Learning a Generative Model: CNNs

Build a collection of “good” and “bad” fractals from training.

With enough pos/neg examples, we can take a Convolutional Neural Net and:

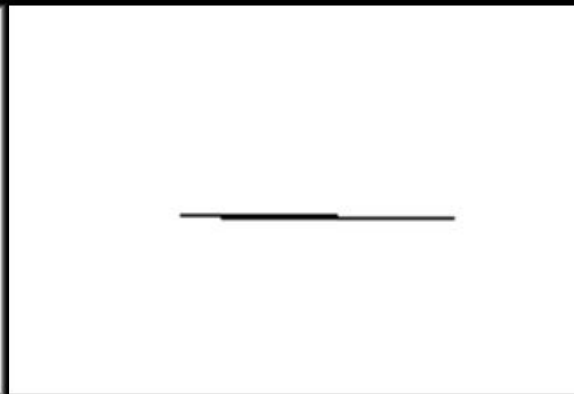
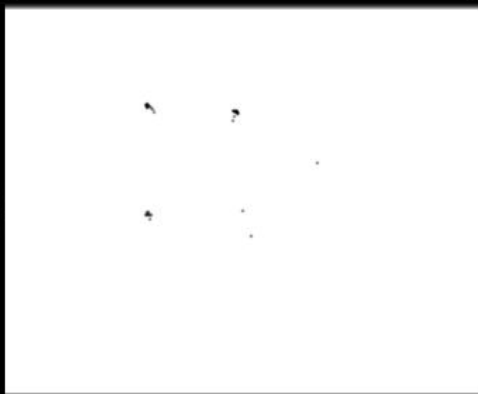
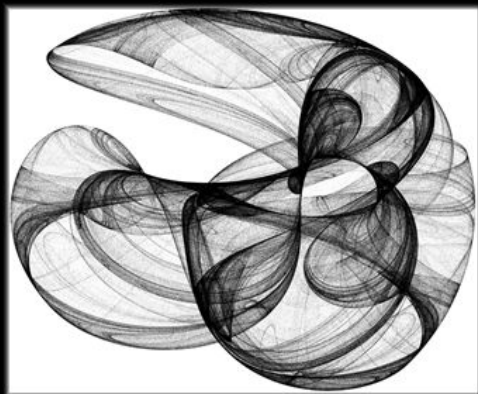
- Train it on ImageNet and other competitive image knowledge bases
- Tune it to learn characteristics of aesthetically-pleasing fractal images

**Evolutionary Algorithms + Discriminative Model of Good Fractals  
= Generative Model for new, pleasing fractals**

# Building a Training Set: A Fitness Function

Dense Fractals have both of the following main features:

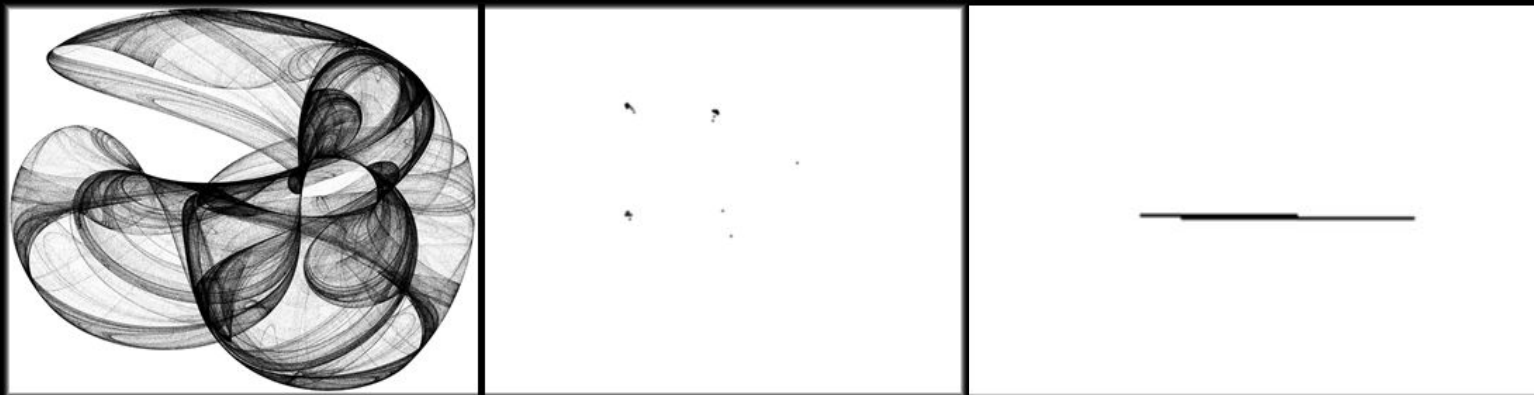
1. A sufficiently large quantity of distinct points in Cartesian Integer Space.
2. Non-linear figures (e.g. curves or corners)



# Building a Training Set: A Fitness Function

Computationally cheap metric to measure density?

- File size of saved B/W PNG image.
- PNG encoders compress large regions of one color into a single block.



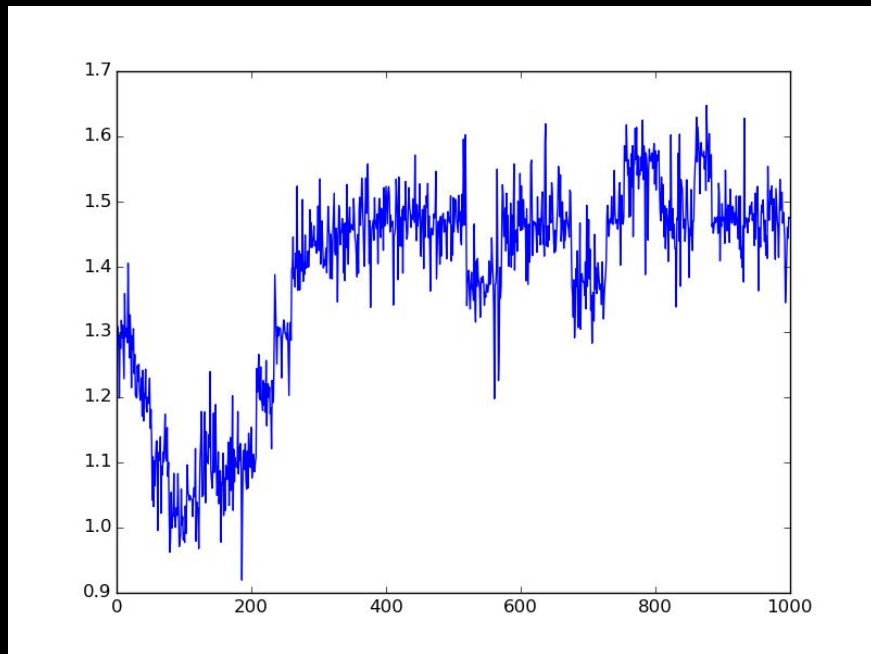


# Training a Convolutional Neural Net

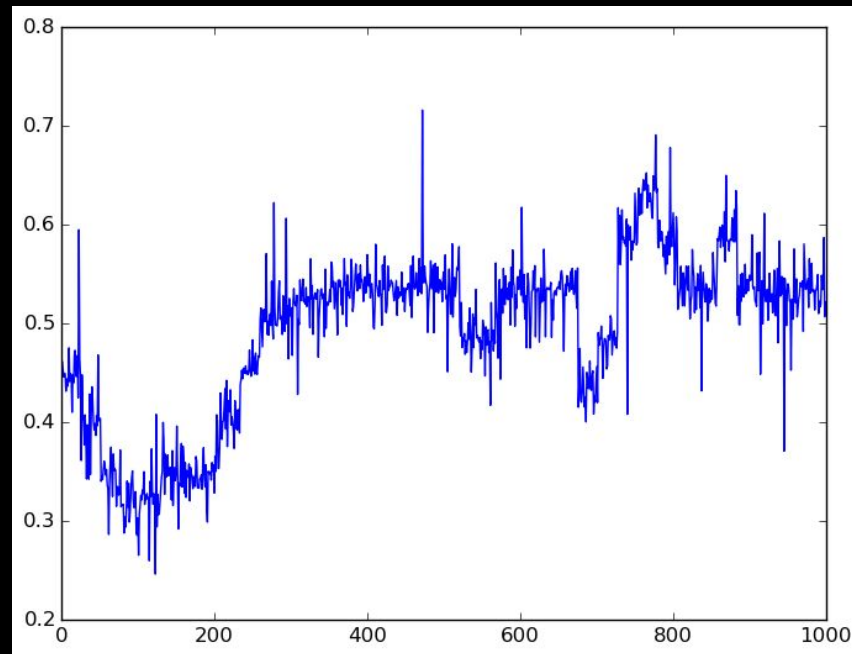
1. Auto-generate 1000 pos/neg training images using file size as an indicator.
  - a.  $> 1.3\text{kb}$  = positive,  $< 0.7\text{kb}$  = negative.
2. Feed B/W training images into CNN (Clarifai)
3. Auto-generate 1000 new fractals using CNN as a discriminative model.
  - a.  $> 0.6$  = positive.

If no positive fractals in a generation, redo the generation.

# Observing Results

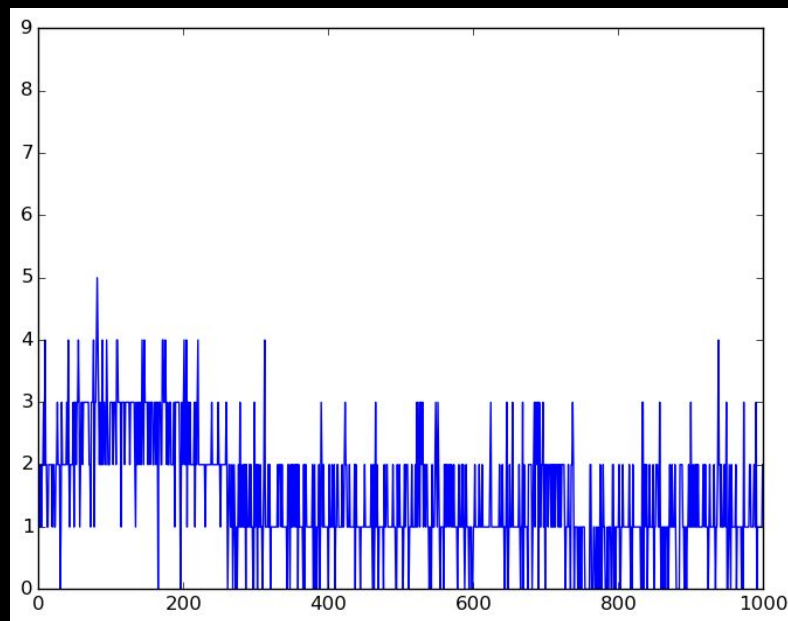


Avg File Size (kB)



Avg Confidence Measure

# Observing Results



Number of Sparse Fractals  
(file size < 0.7 kB)

# Future Work

## More Analytics:

- Varying file size cutoffs, confidence cutoffs
- Analyzing file size and confidence trends at a lower level
  - Trends for fractals made from crossover, from mutation, from insertion

Evolution / CNNs with color / RGB equations

Better metrics besides density -- curvature, fairness metric

Subjectivity-based Experiments

